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WASHINGTON.

Passage of Garfield's Currency Bill in the House.

Further Debate in the House on the Cuban Question.

Majority Report of the Foreign Affairs Committee Virtually Rejected.

Majority and Minority Reports in the House on the Free Coal Bill.

Progress of the Senate Committee on the Tax and Tariff Bill.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The Cuban question is not yet settled in the House, but it is quite difficult to see what it will be. It was half past 3 when the debate of to-day began, and every member was adjourned. The gallery was crowded to its utmost capacity, except in the diplomatic seats, which were quite well filled. It was supposed by everybody that the question would be taken this afternoon, and, as Banks and its friends had asserted a strong case in favor of the insurgents, it was considered by many as a strong force. There was not much interest in the discussion on Butler's side of the floor, which is to be counted of Mr. Butler, half his time to Butler and the other half to Logan. As soon as Butler began, he was evidently not in the best part of the hall to hear well, and most of his neighborhood. He defended the President and Secretary of State in the strongest terms, and seemed anxious to forestall the storm of the great fleet sent to relieve Fulsom, which is now in the Spanish waters, in New York, and the Spanish Government. He made a number of assertions which he called on Banks' nasty and wicked clique of Caleb Cushing, and, to be sure, he spoke of Cushing, of whom he spoke in warm eulogy, declaring that he did not write the President's message; but see it all he result it is the paper, is not now, and has not been since the trouble in Cuba began, the counsel of the Spanish Minister. On the moral and showing, Fish whatever what he said about Mr. Wheaton, in

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THURSDAY, JUNE 16, 1870.

CONGRESSIONAL APPORTIONMENT.

The House bill increasing the number of Representatives, after the 3d of March, 1871, to 275 members, has been amended in several respects by the Senate, and thus passed by the strong vote of 30 ayes to 16 noes.

On motion of Judge Trumbull, the number of members of the House was fixed at 300, by a vote of 31 yeas to 21 nays. An amendment, moved by Senator Morton, was adopted requiring a preliminary report by the Superintendent of the Census to the Secretary of the Interior of the results of the enumeration of the population, so that the Secretary may sooner ascertain the proper representation in the States on or before the 20th of September, 1870.

An amendment by Judge Trumbull that in any State, where by the new apportionment there is an increase in the number of Representatives, the additional member shall be elected at the forty-second Congress on a *general ticket*, unless the States otherwise provide, was adopted.

We publish the bill, as it passed the Senate, in our telegraph columns, and refer the reader thereto for particulars. Computing the total population of the United States, by the census taken this summer, at 40,000,000, the ratio of inhabitants for a member will be 138,333; and, estimating the population of Illinois at two and a half millions, this State will be entitled to nineteen members, six of whom must be elected on a general ticket this fall. But, if the State has increased as rapidly since 1865 as it did from 1860 to that year, Illinois will find up 3,500,000, in which case we shall have twenty members in the next Congress. Our belief is that we shall have *twenty* members. Ohio may have one more than Illinois, but not to exceed that; she has now nineteen to our fourteen. Estimated the population of Cook County at 350,000, she will be entitled to two members, as soon as a new State apportionment is made, and will have 83,000 inhabitants to spare, which will give her a third member with Will County, or with Lake and Dupage. It is possible, however, that her population may reach 375,000, in which case, she would be entitled to three members with the addition of the smallest adjoining county. Cook County will, in any event, be fairly entitled to one of the members to be elected by the State at large.

The effect of the enactment of the bill will be to do justice to the West in the next Congress, by securing to this great section of the Union the representation to which the population entitles it, and also in the Presidential election of 1879. The present House, when full, consists of 244 members, the increase will, therefore, be fifty-six. Of these, we estimate that the West will obtain the following: Illinois, six; Indiana, two; Ohio, two; Michigan, four; Wisconsin, four; Iowa, four; Minnesota, two; Missouri, four, and Kansas, two. Total, thirty. With thirty more votes in the next House, and thirty more votes at the next Presidential election, the West will be able to defend her interests, command respect, and make her power and influence felt in the councils of the nation.

The remarks made by many candidates for the State at large in this and other States, will impart considerable animation to the coming Congressional contests. These candidates at large ought to be the very ablest and best men each party can put in the field. We presume there is the doubt of the House concurring in the Senate amendments to the bill and passing it at once.

GENERAL GARFIELD'S CURRENCY BILL.

The House of Representatives, yesterday, passed General Garfield's Currency bill. It provides that $95,000,000 of additional bank currency shall be issued to States and Territories having less than their proportion of currency under the provisions of the original act—the notes to be secured in the same way as at those heretofore issued—and that, if such or their notes are issued, the Secretary of the Treasury shall call in, redeem, and cancel an equal amount of 3 per cent certificates now outstanding and forming a part of the reserve fund of the existing banks, and that, after the withdrawal of $25,000,000 of currency from States having an excess, and the distribution of the same to States and Territories having a deficiency, but this withdrawal and redistribution not to exceed in any one year $25,000,000 of additional currency is taken up. All the compulsory clauses in the bill, as originally reported, are stricken out.

The bill, as passed, possesses considerable merit. It is a distinct and palpable step, though not a very long one, toward specie payment, without any coercive measures or any expenditure of force to bring that result about. The whole amount of 3 per cent certificates outstanding is $45,540,000. These certificates answer the purposes of an equivalent amount of greenbacks as a part of the reserve fund of the existing banks. As they cannot be withdrawn until an equal amount of bank notes are issued, there cannot be any contraction of the aggregate amount of the currency, but there will be, meanwhile, an improvement in the quality of the whole currency, as the banks will be obliged to make their reserves good with something else, either greenbacks or gold, in place of 3 per cents.

The bill, as originally reported, contained a provision requiring the withdrawal and cancellation of about $50,000,000 of greenbacks, in addition to the $45,000,000 of 3 per cent certificates, so as to make the total amount of the old currency retired equal to the total amount of the new currency issued. But the House was not ready for so large a measure of reform. It is, perhaps, as well, looking to the future, that it did not. The bill, as a financial experiment, to make the experiment that with the 3 per cents, and, if it is found to work well, then will be less difficulty in taking another step, by taking out more redeemable in something, in place of the greenbacks, which are redeemable in nothing. For the present, the withdrawal of the 3 per cents will make a thousand and one holders of our currency dissatisfied and grumbling. For the purpose of redeeming these certificates, the Secretary of the Treasury may issue for a period of ninety days gold and lawful money bonds, bearing not less than 6 per cent interest, payable in coin, and the proceeds of the sale of these bonds for

daughter and heiress of that noble old Chief, Wanamacus. If Miss Sarah has imported her into so well-to-do a family, she has at the evidently had provision for that day, and has kept her money in possession; but in this day a highly intellectual and refined young lady, who, well versed in the "unknown tongue" to Commissioner Parker," or to make a valuable contributor to *Harper's Weekly*.

THE RAILROAD WAR

Vanderbilt, Fisk, and Gould on the Situation—Fisk Proposes to Build a Broad-Gauge Double Track Road from the Terminus of Erie to the Setting Sun.

From the New York Tribune, June 15.

The Vanderbilt-Erie fight appears to have been reduced to a war of words, and the representatives of each road seem to amuse themselves with strongly-expressed views of the other's responsibility and claims upon consideration on the score of veracity. Each contend that they are the champions of public interests, and that in the successful results of their endeavors the best interests of the longsuffering travelling and shipping community will be vindicated.

Our reporter visited Commodore Vanderbilt at his residence yesterday afternoon, and broaching an oblique task thus:

"Commodore, what do you think of the recalled railroad war, Commodore?

Commodore. Railroad war, what's that? I haven't heard of it.

Reporter. The papers, of late, have been full accounts of a battle between the Erie and Road and the Erie and some correspondence between the Vice President of the Company and Colonel Fisk, of the Erie road.

Commodore. Oh, yes; I understand all about that. Erie was a lame duck, I guess; that's why they are putting up accounts of a railroad war, and it's a good medium for you to get them, that's what it is—good for Erie, too, for it will pay my attention to them; it would be better for me if I have a row with them. You see, my son, there are some disreputable people in this town who have got hold of a railroad or two, or a number, and they are trying to run it, nobody knows anything about it, or cares anything for it. They now they had got to bring Erie up, and to make it pay, and they thought they talked about it "we" they'd talk about it, and they talked about it, and talk talk talk; that is, I mean, they talked about it, and talk talk talk; that is, I mean, they talked about it, and talk talk talk; that is, I mean,

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Practice Play Between the White Stockings and a Picked Nine.

Arrangements for the Great Match To-Day—How the Rockfords Fared at Cleveland.

The Red Stockings Defeat the Unions, of Morrisania, by a Score of 14 to 0.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

RED STOCKINGS VS. THE UNIONS, OF MORRISANIA.

NEW YORK, June 15.—In Tremont, to-day, about 400 persons assembled to witness the game between the Red Stockings and the Unions, of Morrisania, as it was anticipated from the well-known powerful batting abilities of the Union lads that they would make a good one, and, as they are so opposite in the field, they would prevent the Red Stockings from making a heavy score. Only the latter was realized, long before the game, and that was owing, perhaps, the fact of keeping their arm office in the small in people; but had that played in the field as they did when they thrashed the Mutuals, about a week ago, the Red men would not have made nearly. The attendance of the Unions was quite numerous, and so far the spectators were treated to an exhibition of base ball as it ought to be played.

They were decidedly disappointed, however, in the play of the Union men. The drawing which gave to the Red Stockings, by the hands of the Atlantics, yesterday, had not the slightest influence upon the Unions, as they thought it would. They freely admitted that they had beaten fairly and squarely on their merits. There was no sulking, no growling, and they would take one score at the Brooklyn parents before they retired to the dressing-room, and, in fact, there was no chaffing.

In the game to-day Birdsall and Hallman demonstrated, as they had done before, that they could do also duty Gedney for his good fly-catching. Wright, as usual, played his game to the charm, style, and, having done against him who hole their (Blue bottles) rather, was, as usual, certainly but a nice one.

The following is the score:

Unions.	O.	A.	Red Stockings.	O.	A.
Wilson, 1d b.	0	4	G. Wright, s.	4	4
Hallman, 2d b.	0	4	Sensenderfer, 1d b.	4	4
Birdsall, 3d b.	0	4	Waterman, 3d b.	4	4
Gedney, l. f.	0	4	Sweasy, c.	4	4
Schoch, c.	0	4	B. Wright, c. f.	4	4
Lennon, r. f.	0	4	Leonard, r. f.	4	4
Lockney, 1d b.	0	4	Schaefer, l. f.	4	4
Gedney, p.	0	4	McVey, p.	4	4
Total.	0	36	Total.	14	36

Unions.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Red Stockings.	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

THE ATLANTICS AND STOCKING GAME.

The Atlantics, of Brooklyn, nine of the Cincinnati Commercial (June 8), comments as follows upon the game between the Red Stockings and the Atlantics:

Atlantics:

Yesterday, for a game, it took eleven innings to do it, and it was the only one, of a series, was one of the finest exhibitions of base ball ever witnessed by the 3,000 spectators, to what they conceived to be the laws of the game.

The Atlantics, of Brooklyn, the crack club from the Atlantic and Charleston, the nine was a little over the close of the game, and, as it was proved to Harry Wright to call it a draw, and, during the game, the Atlantics, of Brooklyn, were not up to the club boys. This caused the immense audience to leave the ground, as they had come to see the game.

Thousands of spectators left the ground. All the adjacent roofs were occupied, and the ladies were very enthusiastic over the couple leave the field, and the Atlantics, of Brooklyn, and the Red Stockings, of the couple that Harry Wright found on the stage, and, if it was possible, the Atlantics, of Brooklyn, to be backed by President Champion and Secretary Spalding.

The Rule resulted on the field, not one of them leaving.

Yesterday afternoon, took an account at Mr. Mattison House, and this afternoon, we are to stand to one hundred and fifty dollars, on the Stockings at Beaver Park. Spalding offered boys are a splendid looking lot of fellows, and they are active as fleeting. In the field and agile. Last evening, as the gentlemen of the Stockings accepted an invitation from the proprietors of the Opera House to see the play of "Rip Van Winkle," Jefferson, "general indications are that a large number of the ladies will be present on the grounds this afternoon. In consequence, extra provisions have been made for the transportation of the multitude. Times on the Harlem Road will leave the Madison street depot at half-past 1 and half-past 2 o'clock, stopping at the gate; and the Hook Island trains will have the Van Buren street depot at 2 and 4 o'clock, stopping after the game. After 5 o'clock the Main street cars will connect with the Brook-Yards dummy every half hour. The sale of tickets for the match, at Foley's, and at the Sherman, Tremont, and Prairie Houses, was extremely brisk on yesterday and last evening, and those who participate in attending will do well to provide themselves this forenoon. During the progress of the game deceptions, amongst the beauty of each inning, will be rouged at Foley's. The game will be called at half-past 2 o'clock as possible. Previous to the beginning of the game, the Ryan Zouaves, of Rochester, who are now on a visit to the Forty-Sixth, city, will give an exhibition drill on the ground.

The Rockford boys give a sending account of the reception which the gentlemen in Cleveland enjoyed. In each case, according to their statements, the high-minded hospitality which Chicago's infamous conduct in daring to administer a beating to their cognate kins-folk, Cleveland, had not marred on the visiting club, and it was not that offensive fault of their Rockford accounts, any more or put anybody out. Some idea of the affection of the "south land" of the Cleveland club may be derived from the fact that the press of that city adult that great justice was done the Rockfords. When the Cleveland papers say this much, what must the umpiring have been! As an umpire city Cleveland is a monopoly. Nobody is sensible of not getting nearly particular, and so far the spectators were treated to an exhibition of base ball as it ought to be played.

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Hallman, 2d b.	0	4	Sensenderfer, 1d b.	4	4
Birdsall, 3d b.	0	4	Hart, 1d b.	4	4
Gedney, l. f.	0	4	Pearce, 2d b.	4	4
Schoch, c.	0	4	Pearce, 3d b.	4	4
Lennon, r. f.	0	4	Pearce, c.	4	4
Lockney, 1d b.	0	4	Pearce, r. f.	4	4
Gedney, p.	0	4	McVey, c. f.	4	4
Total.	0	36	Total.	14	36

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